WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY EVENING, JULY 11, 1885.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

The Last Chance of the Season.

KING'S PALACE

FINISHING SALE.

We Have Just Received the Last Invoice of our Importation Orders.

We have \$10,000 Worth Of Stylish and Fascionable

Straw Hats & Bonnets

To offer at a Sacrifice if necessary to dispose of them.

We would kindly request you to give us a call to examine our

ENORMOUS STOCK OF GOODS.

MILLINERY.

We have also a stock of \$25,000 worth of FLOWERS, RIBBONS, LACES, PLUMES

Velvets and Silks and Jerseys and Lace Caps. Also an Elegant Line of HAT TRIMMINGS,

In silver and Gold, which must be sold no mat-ter how great the sacrifice.

OUR ENTIRE STOCK

Has got to go; we therefore cordially invite all in need of

MILLINERY

-To Call At-

KING'S PALACE 814 Seventh Street.

English Linen Dusters,

The Finest Dusters Made.

-ALSO-Alpaca and Mohair Dusters.

E. B. BARNUM & CO.

931 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Hot Weather Shoes. We have just received a large lot of all styles Men's Low Shoes. All first class goods, but must be sold this season. Ladies and Children's low shoes in all styles. Canvan shoes for the mountains and seaside. Lawn Tennis, Bicycle and Boating shoes. Our general stock is larger than ever, thus enabling us to suit the most fastidious. A call from our friends and the public appreciated. Army and Navy Headquarters.

DALTON & STRICKLAND. 939 PENNA. AVE

SCHILLENGER

Artificial Stone Paving Comp'y Office, 1418 New York Avenue.

Artistic and Fine Work in Cement a Specialty.

Our Skilled Workmen lay the following Pave

Schillenger's Patent, Best Granolithic. Asphaltum, Artificial Stone.

Neufchatel, Mastic. Kitchens, Sidewalks, Stables and Cellars laid with neatness and promptness. with neatness and promptness.

Owners of property are notified that they will be held responsible for infringements of this patent. The United States Courts for the District of Columbia have recently enjoined H. L. Cranford and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia from laying this pavement. All artificial stone pavements other than that laid under the patent are worthless.

JOS. C. McKIBBIN, Telephone Call 467-2. President.

CUT PRICES

-IN-

SUMMER CLOTHING. We have been selling our goods for nothing, and we propose to sell them for prices that are less than nothing now. Only few more men's extra size Serge Coats formerly \$5; now \$3. Vests to match, \$1.50.

Gents' \$3.50 Creole Suits reduced to \$2.50. Boys' Knee Pants, original price 75c, now All Straw Goods at a sacrifice.

J. W. SELBY.

1914 AND 1916 PENNA, AVE. SOMETHING NEW D. W. CLEGG'S

Combination Letter Sheet and Envelope For Letters, Notices, Bills, Statements, Circulars. Of all sizes, in boxes of 25, 50, 100, 250, 500 and 1,000 each.

Will Dispense with Envelopes,
Will Save Weight in Postage.

The postoffice stamps will show date of delivery.

J. W. WATERS,
1416 New York ave..

Sole Agt. for Washington and Alexandria.

JAMES H. McGILL, Dealer in BUILDING SUPPLIES. 908 to 914 G street northwest, next National Rides' Armory. Architectural Iron Work Cement, Plaster, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Wall State, Paints, Oils, 165

KEEP'S SHIRTS,

437 SEVENTH ST, NORTHWEST, O. P. BURDETTE, Sole Agent.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP.

JULY BARGAINS.

As before stated, we are determined to make the month of JULY decidedly A BARGAIN MONTH, and from this time on shall offer such values and make such reductions as we deem necessary to cause the entire disposal of our particularly attractive stock of this season's goods.

Union Linen Lawns.

We have had most re markable success with three qualities of Union Linen Lawns, namely, 121/2, 15 and 17c. Having almost entirely sold out the 121/2c quality, as a special incentive to purchase we have marked down the 15 and 17c qualities to 12½ c per yard, making, undoubtedly, the very best col-lection of 121/2c Lawns ever placed on sale.

50 pieces of Colored Ground Pacific Lawns (32-inch), in pink, ecru, light blue, with handsome colored figures and designs; reduced, to close, from 12½c to 10c per yd.

60 pieces 40-inch Batiste, in navy blue, ecru, black and white grounds, with a choice combination of styles and patterns; reduced, to close, from 20e to 15c per yd. (Second floor; take the elevator.)

Lace Department. Surplus stock reductions have been made as follows:

One lot of Cream Spanish Guipure Lace Ties and Searfs.

Regular price.......\$1 00 Surplus Stock price...........50e

500 yards Crepe Lisse Ruching—
White and Gold,
White and Silver,
Black and Gold,
Black and Silver,
Plain White. 29-Inch White Egyptian Lace Flouncings, 20 nches of embroidered work and 9 inches of

| Regular Price.......\$2 25 | Surplus Stock price........\$1 80 (Second floor; take the elevator.)

Special Reductions In Colored Embroid-

eries to Close. With a view of effecting the disposal of the entire stock of Colored Cloth and Edgings, we make the following extraordinary reductions, which bespeak for them

a ready sale: 14-inch Navy Blue Cloth, embroidered 8 inches deep, in white and white and red. Reduced from 75 to 50c per yd.

14-inch Cream Cloth, embroidered 6 inches deep in red and blue. Reduced from 75 to 50c per yd. 14-inch Pink Cloth, embroidered 6 inches

deep in pink and white. Reduced from 70 to 50c per yd.

11-inch Gendarme Cloth, embroidered 6 inches deed in cream and cardinal.

Reduced from 75 to 50c per yd.

10-inch Pale Blue Cloth, embroidered inches deep in cardinal. Reduced from 90 to 75c per yd.

Narrow Colored Edgings and Flouncings, from 6 to 8 inches wide, 35 to 25c, 37% to 25 and 46 to 35c per yd. To match above—44 inch Plain French Cambric Cloth, in gendarme, sky blue, navy and cardinal. Only 45c per yd.

(Second floor: take the elevator.)

July Bargains in Ladies' Hosiery.-We call attention to the following notably good values, and unhesitatingly pronounce them the best yet offered at the prices:

Ladies' Unbleached Balgriggan, plain and drop-stitched, double heels and toes. Only 25c per pair; well worth 29c. Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, split feet and white beels and toes, full regular made, extra

good quality, worth 46c. Only 3714c per pair. Ladies' Extra Fine Lisie Thread Hose, double heels and toes, full regular made. Only 37½c per pair.

Ladies' Penell Striped, Light-weight, Cotton Hose, very clastic, good quality, Reduced from 35 to 25c per pair.

Men's Sun Umbrellas.

Light and easy to carry, yet keeps you in the shade all the time. None should be without a sun umbrella this weather, especially when they can be got for so little.

Men's Cream Serge Green-lined Umbrellas, only \$1 each. 26-inch All-silk Silver-headed Umbrelias, only \$2.75 each.

lersey Waist Linings.

Black on one side and white the other, 25c each. (Second floor; take the elevator.)

(Second floor; take the elevator.)

NOTE.—Prompt personal attention given to all orders by mail, communications, etc.

WOODWARD & LOTHROP,

Boston Dry Goods House,

ONE PRICE ONLY, 912 D Street.

GOVERNMENT GOSSIP.

OFFICIAL AND UNOFFICIAL IN AND ABOUT THE DEPARTMENTS.

More New Postmasters - War Department Appointments - Chief Clerk Swayze's Successor-Admiral Jonett to Reinra From the Isthmus-General and Per-

Mrs. Bayard no Better. A dispatch was received at the State Department to-day from Secretary Bayard stating that Mrs. Bayard passed a quiet night, but has grown perceptibly weaker.

War Department Appointments. William M. Gray of Pennsylvania has been appointed to a \$1,000 clerkship in the Surgeon-General's Office, and Christopher P. Phillips and William Schmidt of this city as laborers in that office.

Admiral Jonett Coming. Secretary Whitney has telegraphed Admiral Jouett to return to the United States

at his discretion with the United States at his discretion with the Tennessee and Yantic. He has been on duty in the vicinity of Panama for nearly three months at a season when the terrible climate of the 1sthmus is most trying to persons unacclimated, and some of his officers have suffered very severely from its effects. The Objection to Kellar. The Objection to Hellar.

General Warner of Ohio is in the city. He said to-day to a Curric reporter that the objections to Mr. Kellar's appointment in the Treasury Department had nothing whatever to do with politics. "These objections," he continued, "were based entirely upon the character of Mr. Kellar and his unfitness for the place. The evidence to that effect is forthcoming, and will be properly presented."

Chief Clerk Swayze Resigns. Chief Clerk Swayze Resigns.

Secretary Manning has accepted the resignation of Theodore F. Swayze, Chief Clerk of the Treasury, and has appointed Mr. Edward B. Youmans of Elmira, N. Y., as his successor. Mr. Swayze is an efficient and faithful official, who has risen from a clerkship by merit and devotion to duty. His resignation has been in Secretary Manning's hands for four months, and Mr. Swayze has requested to be relieved.

More New Postmasters.

One hundred and eight fourth class postmasters were appointed to-day, and among them the following in Virginia: C. L. Waltz, Lomond; J. S. Powell, Kerr's Creek; Mrs. M. C. Fulton, Summerfield; Joseph Hayes, Berkley; W. B. Penick, Meauville; J. G. Priddy, Keysville; J. B. Kinsy, Riner; Mrs. E. V. Busick, Penn's Store, S. S. Waybright, Crabbottom; J. F. Black, Bragg, and R. W. Gravalt, Passapatanzy. Also the following in Maryland; B. S. Williams, Darlington; C. F. O'Donnell, Berrett, and B. F. Dement, Marshall Hall.

A New Navy-Yard Policy. Secretary Whitney to-day issued an or-der constituting a Board to conduct exder constituting a Board to conduct examinations for appointment to the various foremanships in the New York Navy-Yard. Accompanying the order is a communication addressed to Captain Kirkland in which the Secretary observes that the efficiency of navy-yards is to depend very largely upon the character of the formen. His letter to Captain Kirkland closes as follows: "You will treat all foremanships of skilled labor as vacant, and allow all present incumbents to compete, I desire, however, a new force, and ex-I desire, however, a new force, and except for very good cause and an exceptional record in the Navy-Yard, I shall not appoint a foreman whose habits have been formed through navy-yard work of

Minor and Personal.

Edward L. Lambie, a \$1,400 clerk in the sixth auditor's office, has resigned.

Rumors of an outbreak of vellow fever in New Orleans are officially contradicted. The Wales court-martial case will be acted upon by Secretary Whitney next Mr. Boyd Winchester, the new United

at Berne. Lieutenant John Stafford, Eighth In-

fantry, has been granted one month ex-tension of leave. Chaplain Sherman M. Merrill, U. S. A. has been granted three months' extension

of leave from Texas. Hospital Steward Philip F. Erck has been granted four months' furlough from Fort Bridger, Wyoming.

First Lieutenant Christopher W. Har-rold, Third Artillery is Artillery rold, Third Artillery, is granted six months' sick leave from Fort McHenry. Chief Engineer William S. Smith, re-cently detached from the Kearsarge, has arrived at his home here, No. 1313 Elev-

Five dismissals of Patent Office embeen made; also several promotions in

Rear-Admiral and Mrs. J. C. P. De Krafft have returned from the Virginia White Sulphur Springs, and intend going soon to Saratoga.

The time ball, which was dropped at the Navy Department to-day for the first time, will be dropped at noon each day hereafter, except Sundays.

The Grand Army posts of Richmond and other Virginia cities, protest against the removal of Colonel Clay, collector of customs at Vorticown customs at Yorktown. First Comptroller Durham has heard arguments by Treasurer Jordan and Audi-tor Chenoweth on the redemption of the

misdated interest note. The assignments of Generals Miles and Gibbon, and perhaps other brigadier-generals, are subject to change next spring when General Pope retires.

Sergeants Farber, Wolfe, Scarbt, and Corporal Quackenbush have successfully passed examination for appointment to second lieutenancies in the army. General Wagner is in consultation with

General Wagner is in consultation with General Benet, Chief of Ordnance, in reference to supplying old cannon and gun carriages for the Gettysburg battle-field. Governor Swineford, the new Executive of the Territory of Alaska, was at the In-terior Department to-day. He expects to be at his post in Sitka by the middle of

Mr. Herman Baumgarten of this city has been awarded the Government contract for furnishing money order offices throughout the country with rubber dating stamps.

Lieutenant S. C. Lemley will act as judge-advocate of the Smith court-martial instead of Paymaster Allen, on account of the latter's illness. The court-martial will reconvene July 20.

Chief Clerk Weaver of the Labor Bureau says the work of the bureau is progressing satisfactorily and that a mass of matter of excellent quality is coming in from the special agents in the field. Secretary Whitney contemplates a reorganization of the navy-yards at an early date, with a view to dispensing with unnecessary officials, reducing expenses and

securing better business methods. The new special delivery stamp will be about twice as large as the one-cent stamp and shaped like a dollar bill. On the body of the stamp are these words: "Secure im-mediate delivery at special delivery of

Charies Jonas of Wisconsin, recently appointed Consul to Prague, Austria, spent yesterday in Washington, but left in the afternoon. Mr. Jonas was recently objected to by the Austrian Government. He was reticent yesterday as to the result

from to his appearance who are all the man in addition to the accounts for seeds purchased under Commissioner Loring's administration of the Agricultural Bureau, it is said the accounts for \$12,000 of prizes awarded to raisers of sorghinu and tectroot will be disallowed.

The agitation of the annual trace ques-tion is likely to result in a decision cur-tailing the leave perhaps to twenty days. Employes of the Postoffice Department, who lose their leave by the pressure of work, hope to be remunerated by Con-

Mr. Edward M. Watson, assistant attorney of the Department of Justice, will assist the Indian Office in Investigating the claims of certain licensed Indian traders, and for thre purpose will go to Minnesota in company with Mr. Larrabee of the Indian Bureau.

Captain Charles E. Troutman, secretary of the Second Corps Club hove, requests that all honorably-discharged onliners and men of the old Second Corps will send him a memorandum of their full names, ad-dress and service. His address is Adju-tant-General's Office, War Department.

tant-General's Office, War Department.

Governor Porter, First Assistant Secretary of State, has rettiened from Tennessee and will set as secretary during Mr. Bayard's absence. Governor Porter assumed the duties of his porition on twenty-four hours instice, and his return to Tennessee was to close up his personal affairs at home.

Although no official statement about the Dolphin has been made public, it is known that the Attorney-teneral has rendered a decision on all the law points raised. The substance of the decision is that the contractor is not responsible for whatever defects may exist in the vessel. Pursuant of the opinion, Secretary Whitney will next week accord the vessel. Whitney will next week accept the vessel The Water Works Extension.

Major Lydecker reports that work has been commenced on the connection between the distributing reservoir and the tunnel. Operations on the various sharts of the tunnel are progressing satisfactorily and the construction of the main connections is virtually completed. The dam across the main Virginia channel is also finished.

The changes at Great Falls to prevent the water of the canal from entering the river just above the aqueduct inlet are being rapidly made. An Attempted Suicide. A colored waiter named John Wood, at the Tremont House, shot himself in the abdomen about 2:30 o'clock this evening with suicidal intent. The wound

is dangerous, but not necessarily. The man was taken to the Providence Hospital.

DISTRICT GOVERNMENT NEWS. THE GARRAGE CONTRACT.—The garbage contract for the next year has been awarded to F. M. Draney, the present

BAR-ROOM LICENSES,—The Commissioners have granted bar-room licenses to C. F. Herrell, J. Holmes, E. Pier, James Ward and Mary Alber.

Taxes on Doos,—The sale of dog licenses is far in advance of last year on account of the recent decisions of the courts sus-taining-the law. There have been 850 licenses sold so far this month. New Gones Wanter.—Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Service Miles has recommended to the Commissioners that they replace the old weight-gongs for spring-gongs in five of the enginehouses.

The Contractors' Retain Func.—The Contrisioners have precived a letter form.

Commissioners have received a letter from the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury stating that half of the contractors' retain fund has been deposited to the credit of the District

A New School Let.—The Commissioners have accepted the offer of F. H. Smith & Son of a lot on B street, between at eighteen cents per foot. It will be used for school purposes.

THE SECOND DISTRICT AGAIN.-Rev. W. E. Parsons has written a letter of protest to the Commissioners against the transfer of Trustee Birney to the third district, He says the unfitness in one division is unfitness in another. All the charges are general, and apply to all divisions equally. He trusts the third district may be spared the infliction.

BUILDING PERMITS.—Permits to build have been granted to Richard M. Green to crect one store and dwelling on Pennsylvania avenue, between Third and Fourth streets southeast, to cost \$5,000; Oliver Beach, one dwelling on O, between North Capitol and First streets northeast, \$1,500; Addison Smith, a frame house in the county, \$150. house in the county, \$150, NEW DISTRICT BUILDINGS LAST YEAR.-

The Commissioners last year erected seven District buildings. Three school-houses were erected—the Dennison, Wormley and the Blair—at a cost of 888,600. One police station and stable were built, at a cost of \$13,128. One new engine-house cost \$7,467. One new hospital ward cost \$2,954. The aggregate amount spent on new District buildings was \$112,149.

A YEAR'S INSANE AND INDIGENT POOR .-The report of the sanitary officer of the Police Department for the fiscal year endng June 30 last shows that more indigent sick and insane persons were sent to the different District charitable institutions than any previous year. The number sent to Freedman's Hospital was 777; Provi-dence Hospital, 390; Washington Asylum Hospital, 239; Government Hospital for the Insane, 169; Almshouse, 125; Columbia Hospital, 19; Children's Hospital, 15; Gar-field Hospital, 32; Homeopathic Hospital, 2; St. Ann's Infant Asylum, 17; Central Dispensary, 3; Washington City Orphan Asylum, 3

PERSONAL MENTION.

Postmaster Frank B. Conger and family will leave on the Leary this afternoon for Vir-dnia Beach. Lieutenant Louis H. Strother, First Infantry, arrived at the Ebbitt House this morning from

Fort Leavenworth. Fort Leavenworth.

Dr. Steuart B. Muncaster and A. B. Woods and family of this city were in London June 27, at No. 11 Queen Square, W. C.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Frank Walker of No. 500 Eleventh street southwest will leave on the Sue to-morrow for a two weeks recuperation at Munday's Point, Va.

Mr. George Gessford of H street, between Sixth and Seventh streets southwest, leaves for Cape May, N. J., this afternoon to engage in photographing the surf-bathers.

Mr. Wm. Jaggard of New Jersey, accom-

Mr. Wm. Jaggard of New Jersey, accom-panied by his two children, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles P. Ersons of No. 641 F street southwest, left for home last scening.

evening.

Commodore and Mrs. Scott Schley left yesterday for their old home at Frederick, Md., where their children have been for some time. Commodore Schley's illness was from intermittent fever, but he is rapidly recuperating.

cing.
Dr. E. S. Carroll of this city has been chosen professor of operative denistry of the National University. He is a native of Meadville. Pa., and graduated at the College of Dental Surgery at Baitmore, standing high in the class. He came here some eighteen months ago and at once entered upon the gractice of his profession.

The Curric is requested by friends of the parties to state that the version of the Witnessen-Hager romance given by the Hagerstown Arms presents substantially the facts of the case. The Chambersburg dispatch to the Philadelphia Times is in many respects inaccurate and calculated to convey a wrong impression. The Criminal Court to day took a recess until the 16th of next September.

OUR PULPIT GALLERY

REV. SAMUEL H. GIESY OF THE CHURCH OF THE EPIPHANY.

Former Pastoral Relations of the New Rector-A Successful Minister and Able Theological Writer-The Early History of Epiphany Church and Parish

Samuel Hensel Glesy, D. D., has recently assumed charge of the pulpit and parish vacated by the Rt. Rev. William Paret upon becoming Bishop of the diocese of Maryland, In assuming charge of the Church of the Epiphany, second in amount of its parish work to but one other Episcopal church in the United States, he finds a broad field for the exercise of tal-cuts and powers of the highest or Ier. Dr. Giesy is a man of handsome and prepos-



SAMUEL HENSEL GLESY, D. D. essing appearance, of approachable and carnest manner, of long experience and of great power and ability as a pulpit ora-tor, a parish worker, and an occlesiastical

He was born in Lancaster, Ohio, the He was born in Lancaster, Ohio, the iown that gave to the country its Ewings and Shermans, general and senator, and entered Marshall College in 1841, gra-tuating in 1845. In the same year he commenced the study of theology in the Mercersburg (Pa.) Theological Seminary of the German Reformed Church. In February, 1849, he was ordained as a minister of that depomination at Sourcest. Pa. and entered Reformed Church. In February, 1849, he was ordained as a minister of that denomination at Somerset, Pa., and entered apon an active and successful ministerial eareer, during which he organized three congregations and erected three churches. In 1855 he became pastor of the Salem Reformed Church at Hagerstown, Md., and went thence to Christ Church Philadelphia in 1860, continuing until 1870. In 1860 he received the degree of D. D. from Franklin and Marshall colleges. His carcer in Philadelphia was one of phenomenal success. Thom assuming charge of Christ Church it had a membership of twelve, which multiplied in two years to more than three hundred. In 1871 Dr. Giesy removed to Baltimore where, free from responsibility and care, he carried into effect a change of church views, which had been growing for several years, and applied to Bishop Whittingham for hely orders, and the following year was ordained by Blahop Whittingham as a deneon of the Episcopal Church and became attached to Grace Church, Baltimore, On March 9, 1873, he was ordained a priest. From 1872 to 1873 he was ordained a priest. From 1872 to 1 charge of Christ Church, Norwich, Conn., declining at the same time three other calls to Waterlown, N.Y., Easton, Pa., and Washington, D.C., which he accept-ed and retained until his call to Epiphany Church on March 10 of the present year. During his rectorship at Norwich, he was from 1870 to 1883 archdeacon of the

Eastern Archdeaconry, a delegate to the general convention at Philadelphia in 1883, and declined calls to Christ Church, New Orieans, Christ Church, Petroit: St. Peter's Church, Easton, Md., and other

During his eleven years' rectorship at Norwich two chapels were erected through his efforts and an immense amount of parish work accomplished, the annual expenses and contributions averaging \$11,000 and the church membership being 40. Upon severing his connection with his parish at Norwich, the press of that city and of New England yielded high tributes to the energy, earnestness and success with which he had labored in an

important field.

Dr. Glesy has made some valuable contributions to ecclesiastical literature and has earned an enviable reputation as a profound and able theological writer and thinker. Most prominent among his literary works is a volume entitled "The I Ams of Christ" which has had a wide circulation, and received high praise from churchmen of America and England, and is commended as an admirable contribution to Christological thought. Among his other contributions to church literature are important field. Christological thought. Among his other contributions to church literature are "The Satanic Background of Redemp-tion," "Organic Redemption," "Christ in the World's Life," "Divine Human Ele-ments in Church and Ministry." "Normal Humanity, or Man in the Light of tar Divine Idea," etc.

Dr. Giesy has already entered actively and carnestly into all the branches of his

and earnestly into all the branches of hi wide field of work, has endeared himsel to the people of Epiphany, and has been welcomed to the high place in the affec-tions of his parishioners and the esteem of the citizens that was held by his predeces

EPIPHANY CHURCH,

The old gray church of the Epiphany stately in appearance, fruitful in gas works and famous in church history, ha attained the second place in the tist Episcopal churches of the United State Episcopal churches of the United States in the amount of its parish work and the number of baptisms, marriages and burials at which its clergy officiate. More than forty years have elapsed since its doors were first opened for divine worship. In 131, the original structure, rectangular is shape and only a small portion of the present edifice, was designed as a mission ary chapel, and engretic and determine. ary chapel, and energetic and determine efforts were required to raise sufficie funds for its erection. The Rev. J. V French, one of the most active of the originators of the plan, became its first reson in 1844, and until 1856 continued to serv in that capacity with an unifring devo-tion and zeal which are commemorated in the hand-some memorial window in the

During the latter part of his ministry the church began to assume a prominent position among the city parishes and to number among its members the leading public men of the day. In 1850 Dr. French accepted the chaplaincy at West Point, and was succeeded at Epiphany by Dr. Hall, now of Brooklyn, who in turn was succeeded by Rev. Dr. Starkey, now bishop of Northern New Jersey, in 1852. In 1872 Rev. W. F. Watkins, now of New York, became rector, and in 1876 he was succeeded by Rev. William Paret, now bishop of Maryland.

succeeded by Rev. William Paret, now bishop of Maryland.

In 1857 the first material improvement in the architectural appearance and di-mensions of the Church of the Epiphany were made, and in 1874 it was again re-modeled and extended to its present pro-portions. For more than thirty years Epiphany Parish has held a place of honor among the city churches. among the city churches.

During the war its membership in-

cluded the leaders on both sides of the great struggle. Cabinet officers, admirals and generals have been among its pewholders, and its parish records abound with illustrious names. Under Dr. Paret's ministry Epiphany Church emerged from debt, its communion list trebled, its charities and missionary works increased with each succeeding year, its services multiplied in number and its advancement in all good works was rapid and constant. In January of the present year the consecration of Bishop Paret occurred within its walls, and subsequently the church was itself consecrated by Bishop Paret.

At the present time Epiphany Church, under the rectorship of Dr. Giesy, assisted by Drs. McElroy and Griffith, has about 1,500 communicants, an attendance of nearly five times that number, an average annual confirmation class of one hundred

annual confirmation class of one hundr members and almost a daily baptism, membership now includes, as it has ways done, prominent persons in official, social and literary life, and its work, em-bracing three Sunday schoots, missions, homes and charities of various kinds, extends far beyond its own parish as diocese.

Happenings in Berlin.

Benin, July 11.—Harvesting in the vicinity of Berlin has commenced and the crops are found to be unusually good, the yield of corn being especially abundant. The strike among the stone and brick masons continues and causes much dis-

The minutes of the secret session of the diet upon the question of the succession to the Duchy of Brunswick have been published. They show that the diet agreed to exclude the Duke of Cumberland from the succession upon a motion made on behalf of Prussia and supported by the

on behalf of Prussia and supported by the legal committee.

The freedom of the city of Bremen has been bestowed upon Prince Bismarck, Von Boetticher, minister of the interior, and Dr. Stephen, minister of ports, for their services in securing the subsidy for an eastern steamship line from that city. Foreign Brevities.

COPENHAGEN, July 11.—Prince Christian has brought suit against the executors of the late Count Noer, claiming estates valued at \$234,000. TEHERAN, July 11.—The British Minister here has received news that the Afghan tribes north of the Hindos Koosh have declared their willingness to support Russia as against the present Ameer.

STRASBURG, July 11.—Two Alsatian gymnastic societies have been dissolved by the Governor-General on account of having offered insults to the German flag.

From Austria's Capital. VIENNA, July 11.—The floods in Austria continue to cause great damage. The loss by the water-spout, which recently deluged Pesth, is estimated at \$250,000. Dozens of villages and tens of thousands of acres of crops are under water in South Hungary, causing an almost total suspen

ion of harvesting.

It is semi-officially announced that the appointment of Mr. Jonas as United States Consul at Prague, was objected to on account of that gentleman's known animosity toward Austria. Belfast Honors the New Viceroy. Belfast Honors the New Viceroy.

Berlin, July 11.—A delegation composed of the leading citizens of Belfast, today called at the Castle and were granted an audience with Earl Carnaeroon, the newly appointed Viceroy. The delegation cordially greeted the Earl and expressed the hope that his administration would be successful in the extreme. Earl Carnaeroon, in replying, thanked the delegation for the kind wishes expressed, and said that he hoped to be able to visit their city shortly.

COLORADO CITY, TEX., July 11.—News is received here of a battle between cowboys and Indians on the New Mexican ranche of J. B. Slaughter of Colorado City. It is reported that sixty Indians and sixteen cowboys were killed. The report states

Alarm in Colorado.

General Grant Comfortable. Mount McGrigori, N. Y., July 11.— General Grant rose about 11 o'clock, After he was dressed his appearance was freshened somewhat, although the weak-ness still oppressed him. Dr. Douglas said: "The General is quite as comfortable as can be expected."

as can be expected.'

Indecent Showmen Punished. BALTIMORE, July 11.—George Nachman and Thomas Turpin, proprietors of the French Froliques, who were convicted on November 17, last, of giving indecent performances at their theatre, were to-day sentenced by Judge Phelps to pay a fine of \$250, and undergo an imprisonment of

six months.

A Disastrous Fire. Baltimore, Mo., July 11.—A frame building at Highlandtown was entirely destroyed by fire early this morning and twenty-eight head of valuable horses, welve wagons, a lot of feed and three dozen sets of harness belonging to Timothy Burke & Bro. were consumed. Total loss, \$15,600.

The Mahdi Reported Dead. London, July 11.—A dispatch from Gen-eral Stephenson, the commander of the British forces now in the Soudan, states that General Brackenbury has received a letter from one of the friendly Arab chiefs,

informing him of the death of the Mahdi, The Strike in East Saginaw. DETERM, Mich., July 11.—A special to the Nors this morning from East Sagi-naw says that all the mills on the upper part of the river remain closed.

All Quiet in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Omo, July 11.—Everything is quiet in wards four and eighteen, the headquarters of the strikers.

Blind Tow Remanded. In the U. S. Circuit Court at Alexandria In the U. S. Circuit Court at Alexandria the ludge yesterslay remanded Blind Tom to the custody of General Bethune. The court said: "I have nothing to do with the question of his lunacy. My only inquiry is wnether Tom is held as a slave. I do not see how the petitioner in this case—life mother—after her contract of 1865, and her acquiescence for fifteen years in the action of the Fauquier court in committing Tem to Bethune, can now insist that he is held as a slave. Evidently he is not fight or jurisdiction to remove him from eld as a slave. I, therefore, have no light or jurisdiction to remove blind from its present custody, and feel bound, in he interest of hunanity, to remain him to the custody in which he was born, in chich he has lived all his life and in

thich he is anxious to remain. PROMINENT HOTEL ARRIVALS.

SPEAKER CARLISIN IS NOT THE RIDGE HOUSE. A. H. Cewenou, S. J. Valkand L. Bullard of our York are at Wilbard's.

S. M. Devail, Gue Daule, James M. elling E. Bugate, W. A. Bugate, Con Shanor, Pitts-ours W. B. Challe, Tolley J. B. Iweland, ew York, and J. T. Baseste, Virginia, are gi Marriage licenses have been issued as follows: Asthur Keithley and Aunie E. Berry, Samuel Davis and Mary E. Turn

RESTLESS RED MEN.

THE OUTLOOK IN THE INDIAN TER-RITORY BECOMING SERIOUS.

General Sheridan Departs for the Scars paring to Go Upon the War-Path Sooner Than Submit to be Disarmed.

WICHITA, KAN., July 11 .- Mr. Hallowell, one of the four agency farmers employed by the Government to teach agriulture to the Cheyennes, Arrapahoes and Comanche Indians, arrived in this city yesterday directly from Fort Reno. He says he considers trouble inevitable. The Bent brothers, half-breed Cheyennes, and sons of old Colonel Bent of Plains fame, say the Indians expect an effort to be made by the Government to disarm them, in

eay the Indians expect an effort to be made
by the Government to disarm them, in
which event they will sell their lives as
dearly as possible. The Bents, who own
a large amount of personal property, are
disposing of everything. The Indians are
in want of nothing in the way of ammanition. Not only the Bents but the head
Indians are selling their ponies. Wolf
Robe, chief of the "dog soldiers," has
abandoned his crop and taken all his
moveables away.

In coming up to the State line Mr. Hallowell chanced upon 300 Cheyenne ponies,
being herded for an emergency. The
young men who had lately taken to farming had, under the influence of their chief,
also abandoned their fields. Telegrams
from the Cheyenne agency received yesterday say the aspect is undoubtedly
proving more serious from day to day, and
that troops sufficient for a complete police
patrol will prove the only means of safety.
The Cheyennes have sent a large number
of their best war horses out West, under
apprehension of an attack from the military, in which event they would be a safe
distance from raiding. Small bodies of
Indians are slipping away every day, and
it is believed they are all ready for a stampede to the wilds in a body as soon as their
spies, who overrun the agency, are satisfied that the Government means to disarm
them.

It leaked out at the agency yesterday

them.

It leaked out at the agency yesterday from Indian sources that the Indians themselves believe the band which went themselves believe the band which went to the Panhandle have been correct to the Panhandle have been correct by the citizens and cowboys, but the West to the Panhandle have been corralled by citizens and cowboys, but the authorities have had no verification of the rumor. It is reported that a number of Kiowas and Comanches have joined the missing Cheyennes. The Government has telegraphed Agent Dyer to find how many Indians are off the reservation. This order must be executed without the presence of more troops to hold the Inpresence of more troops to hold the In-dians until counted. An attempt even to take a census would precipitate a fight.

General Sheridan, accompanied by his brother, Colonel Michael Sheridan, started for the Indian Territory last night in pur-suance of a letter from the President di-recting him to proceed to the scene of the threatened disturbances to advise with threatened disturbances to advise with and direct those in command, to ascertain the causes of the trouble and to assure the Indians that any wrongs done them will be righted, but that the power of the Government will be invoked to prevent and punish acts of lawlessness or outrages upon settlers. General Miles will arrive on the scene before General Sheridan gets there and will inaugurate an energetic policy if occasion requires.

berg and will inaugurate an energetic policy if occasion requires.

Secretary Endicott issued an order this morning for the Fourth regiment of Infantry and three regiments of cavairy to proceed from the Departments of Texas and the Platte to the vicinity of Fort Reno. in the Indian Territory. This combined force of nearly 3,000 men experienced in frontier service and Indian lighting will reculore the troops already concentrated. re enforce the troops already concentrated in the vicinity of Fort Reno about the time of General Sheridan's arrival at that

post, Colonel George B. Sanford, First Cavalry, who reported at Fort Leavenworth last Tuesday evening for duty, left the next day for Indian Territory in comnext day for Indian Territory in command of the four troops of cavalry stationed at Fort Leavenworth. These troops are officered as follows: I, First Cavalry, Captain C. C. C. Carr; B, Third Cavalry, Captain Ohn B, Johnson, Lleutenant J, O, Mackav and Lieutenant E, S. Robins; L, Fourth Cavalry, Captain T, J, Mint, and Lieutenant A. M. Fuller, Second C alry; and M, Sixth Cavalry, Captair J. A. Rafferty. Major Parsmon Mid on, surgeon, and Acting Assistant Su on William Barbour, accompanied the pattallion, which numbers 200 effective men.

General Terry has telegraped the War Department as follows: "Colonel Brooks, commanding the district of Montana, has received information from Canadian au-thorities that twenty-five lodges of insurrectionary Canadians, under a son of Big Bear, are going toward the boundary line. They probably intend to go to the Crow Indian reservation in Montana. They would be a disturbing element it suffered to join our Indians, who are now on scanty resoures.' Prompt steps will be taken to prevent the Indians from crossing the

Dr. Bland's Views. Such an unusual occurrence as the departure of the head of the army for the scene of the anticipated Indian outbreak has aroused a very general interest in the Indian question, and the cause of the present troubles. Accordingly, when a Umric reporter espied the stalwart form of Dr. T. A. Bland proceeding with his usual rapid stride along the Avenue, he hurried after and opened upon him with a demand for the status of the Indian troubles as viewed from his standpoint.

"The reservation" he began, a genial smile breaking athwart his countenance, as he entered upon his favorite topic, "at the Cheyenne and Arrapaho agency Indian Territory, comprises 4,297,779 acres. The former agent, John D. Miles, succeeded in getting a few Indians to sign leases on the sth of Januray, 1883, to 3,117,771 acres, and sth of Januray, 1883, to 3,117,771 acres, and a short time thereafter he leased to one George Reynolds, a trader at the agency, 779,800 acres, which latter lease was not reported to the Indian Office. Deduct 13,000 acres for Jhe military reservation, and 25,000 acres comprised in the pasture for the government herd of cattle, and the indians have left just 427,801 acres, or about fifty acres per capita, not one-tenth of which is fit for farming purposes.

"A large number of the Indians were at the time and are still living on the leased lands. They were told that they would not be disturbed. The cattlemen now demand that they shall leave their homes on the leased lands, and the present agent is trying to get the Indians disarmed in order that he may be able to compel them

is trying to get the Indians disarmed in order that he may be able to compel them or move in and locate near the agency, thus surrendering the bulk of their reservation, and the best of it to the cattlemen. They decline to be disarmed because they know what it means. A large majority of those Indians have been from the start opposed to the leases. Nearly 1,000 of them have persistently refused to accept their poo rata share of the lease money, lost they be accused of sanctioning the leases.

"They say that they will not submit to eting disarmed, and thus put in the power of the agent and the cattlemen; but they to not want to go on the war-path or have thy trouble with the Government. What hey want is that another and more honest ney want is martanother and more donest growth be sont them in place of Agent Dyer; he fraudulent leases declared void, and he cattlemen ordered out of their country and compelled to vacate it. Dr. Bland has addressed a letter to the

President embodying these views,